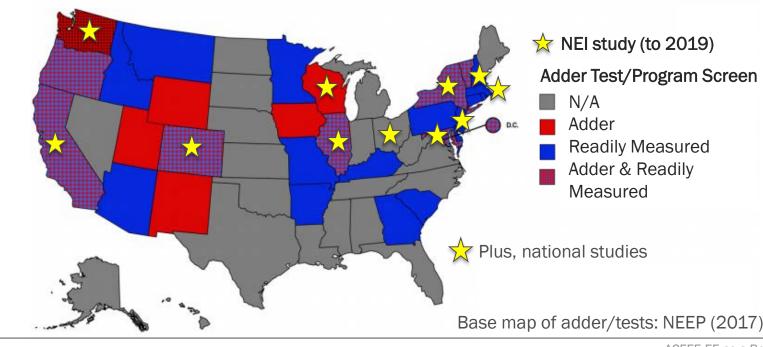


Bringing it Together: Non-Energy Health and Economic Impacts Research in Context of Policy and Evaluation

ACEEE EE as a Resource Conference -- October 16, 2019

Non Energy Impact Research and Application in the U.S.

- >20 years of theory and research
- 26 states count multiple benefits of EE in cost-effectiveness tests (NEEP, 2017)
- To date, most data derives from one national and 11 state-specific studies
- Published results are variable (e.g., \$95 \$800 or 47% 400% per participant)





Non Energy Impact Research and Application in the U.S.

- Promoting EE as a resource calls for actionable information about NEIs
 - Evolution of cost-effectiveness testing
 - Decarbonization and distributed generation
 - Energy equity, accessibility, and reliability
 - Convergence with health, environment, and water
- Increasing momentum to gather primary data on NEIs
 - Who: Utilities, participants, society
 - What: 30 to 50 NEIs in economic, health, environmental, resilience categories
 - Why: program targeting/marketing, cost-effectiveness testing, advancing policy



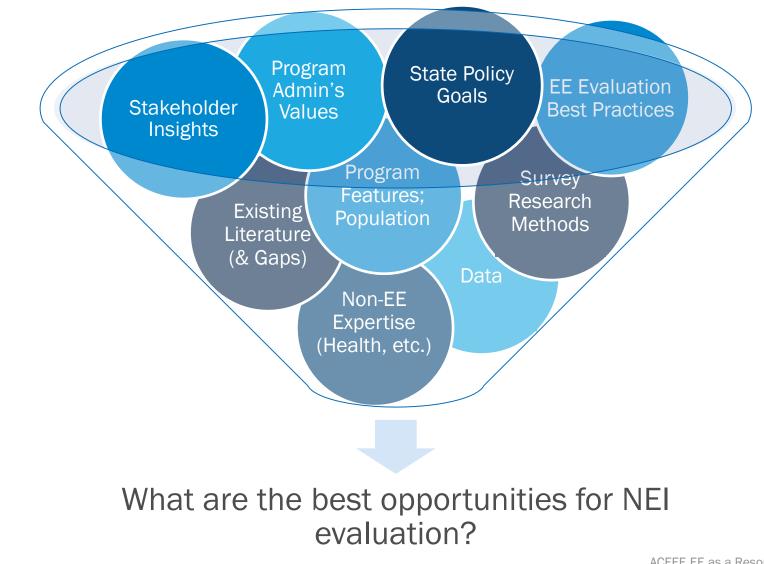
Objective

- Develop research strategy to evaluate NEIs, given the need to:
 - Provide valid data on NEIs with a credible link to programs
 - Cultivate transparency to promote consensus on priorities
 - Correct and avoid asymmetry capture both benefits and costs
 - Reflect **local** conditions utilities, programs, consumers, climate, markets
 - Enable consistent measurement across jurisdictions and time





Quantifying Non-Energy Impacts through EM&V





Expanding NEI Research to Support Strategic Planning



Add NEIs to Program's Theory of Change





Home Intervention	Output	Outcome	Healthy People 2020 Indicator	SDOH
Weatherization Insulation: Improve homes insulation Ventilation: Increase the volume of indoor to outdoor air exchanged	Thermal Comfort Improved indoor climate	Lower Incidence of Thermal stress related CVD Emergency Room Visits and Hospitalizations Thermal stress related hospitalization and death	HDS-2 Reduce coronary heart disease deaths	Neighborhood & Built Environment Quality of Housing Environmental Conditions Health &
Healthy Homes Education on HVAC maintenance protocols				Health Care Access to primary care and literacy

Source: Green & Healthy Homes Initiative (2017). "Weatherization and its Impact on Occupant Health Outcomes"



Inventory Probable NEIs



Map NEIs by program to identify richest areas for research

Program Feature	Low Income Wx	Multifamily	Efficient Products
Measures			
Lighting (interior & exterior)	♦	*	*
Water-saving products	♦	•	*
Envelope	♦	*	
Population Served			
General population			*
Commercial multifamily	♦	•	
Tenants	*	*	
Low Income	♦		
Fuel Savings			
Electricity	•	•	•

Frame a Prioritized Research Agenda



Inventory all potential NEIs attributable to portfolio

Select key programs for further research

Focus on evaluable NEIs

Experiences, sentiments, emerging impacts

nion Dynamics

Qualitatively assess NEIs

Economic stress, housing stability, etc.

Respiratory, thermal stress, arrearages, assistance, air quality

Quantify NEIs

Monetize

NEIs

Screen for NEIs During Ongoing Evaluation



- Ground-truth results from other regions and confirm local priorities
- Designed for rapid feedback and priority-setting

Benefits	Limits
 Well documented and validated questions provide confidence 	 Convenience samples may be too small (n<100) to estimate rare events at 90/10
 Lower-budget and easier start-up 	 Evaluation surveys are generally
 Provides results within months/year 	retrospective (no pre-period data)
 Cross-cutting, simpler approach has efficiencies of scale while also enabling review of relative results 	 Participant surveys designed to achieve multiple objectives



Use Screening Results to Plan Further Study



- Assess potential transfer validity from prior studies
- Review priorities within the portfolio
- Refine study planning to reflect local baseline conditions, needs

NEI Baseline Condition	National IE Wx Single Family* (n=665)	Midwest Single F (n=2	amily	Midwest Market Rate MF (n=89)
Cold home in winter	39%	579	%	46%
Hot home in summer	41%	439	%	21%
Home often drafty	29%	380	%	25%
Asthma incidence	14%	220	%	25%
Budget billing	39%	419	6	27%
SNAP or WIC	56%	279		11%

* Source: Oak Ridge National Laboratory (2014). "Health and Household-Related Benefits Attributable to the Weatherization Assistance Program"



Advancing the Science of NEI Self-Report



Evaluation techniques can move us beyond "hard to measure"

Research Component	search Component Tools to Advance		
Planning	 Program theory/logic models Gathering expertise from non-EE disciplines Power analysis 		
Data Sources	 Participant and non-participant data GIS and spatial information Prior studies, literature, healthcare cost databases 		
Analytical Methods	 Cognitive pretests Surveys vs. in-depth interviews Regression analysis Modeling software (IMPLAN, etc.) Publicly-available tools (EPA COBRA/AVERT) 		
Collaboration	 Evaluator peer-review EE Stakeholder groups and networks Regional Technical Reference Manual framework 		



Policy-Oriented NEI Research Opportunities



- Program evaluation is a natural opportunity to replicate prior findings
- Moving beyond data tables to inform the human story
- Codifying the process of gathering, vetting, and reflecting on monetized results
- Using NEIs as a bridge between the programs that are, to the programs that will be – anticipating and incorporating new impacts





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