

Innovation and Transition in Market Transformation

Observations from the "Frontiers of Energy Efficiency"

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What are the next-generation energy efficiency approaches?

"Next generation?"

- Near-term (1-3+ years)
- Commercially available technologies
- Programs at full-scale quickly
- Can be evolution of successful existing programs

 [Hint: mostly NOT rocket science!]





Programs Included in Our Research

Residential Programs

- Residential Lighting
- Residential Appliances
- Residential Plug Loads and Consumer Electronics
- Residential Mechanical Systems
- Low-Income Weatherization
- Residential Home Retrofit Programs
- Residential New Construction
- Manufactured Housing
- Multifamily Housing
- Behavior-based Energy Efficiency Programs

Commercial, Industrial, Other Programs

- Commercial Lighting
- Commercial HVAC
- Commercial Building Operations and Performance Programs
- Commercial Major Retrofit and Renovation
- Commercial New Construction
- Small Business
- Industrial
- Agriculture
- Combined Heat and Power
- Distribution System Efficiency Improvements

Additional Program Concepts

- Miscellaneous Energy Use in Commercial Buildings
- Commercial Sector Behavior Programs



Residential Lighting Programs

- EISA standards: baseline efficiency will be higher.
- CFLs still will be a big part of the picture; ~70% of sockets still don't have them.

CFLs are not going away





Residential Lighting Programs

- New technologies key part of the picture: LEDs, 2X halogens, advanced CFLs.
- Sharpen focus/marketing to certain markets and for certain products—also more customer education.
- Move "upstream" (e.g., "market lift"): paying incentives to retailers for increased sales.

Lighting goes digital



100 W equivalent



Commercial Lighting

- EISA will have large impacts as T8s and similar high efficiency products become the standard.
- Still room for more advanced fluorescents and improved fixtures.
- New technologies like LEDs are entering the market in certain niches (linear LED lamps not yet ready for prime-time).
- Programs will look "beyond technology replacements" to integrated design, lighting quality, controls and use of daylighting.



Commercial Retrofit/Renovation

- Goal is deep (20-50%) savings per building.
- Offer performance-based incentives.
- Focus on integrated designs—improve overall building performance and increase building value.
- Promote disclosure (energy use) data in commercial markets.
- Require building commissioning and provide training for building operators.





Residential Retrofits

- Large potential remaining.
- No technological breakthroughs; emphasis on improving program design and delivery, and increasing participation through better marketing and financing options.
- Make things simple for homeowners—and improve administration.
- Make energy efficiency improvements integral to home improvements, demonstrate value to homeowners and home markets (e.g. home energy ratings).



Multifamily Housing

- Historically an underserved market with large potential.
- Are good examples of effective program designs, characterized by:
 - · Comprehensive approach.
 - Multi-fuel, integrated approach.
 - Collaboration among utilities, program providers, housing authorities and financing organizations.
 - Attractive terms ("one-stop" shopping), financial packages and project management.





New Commercial Construction

- Building codes continue to advance.
- Leverage code changes; program operators involved in code development and compliance can receive credit.
- Whole building, integrative design is a successful, proven approach for large savings.





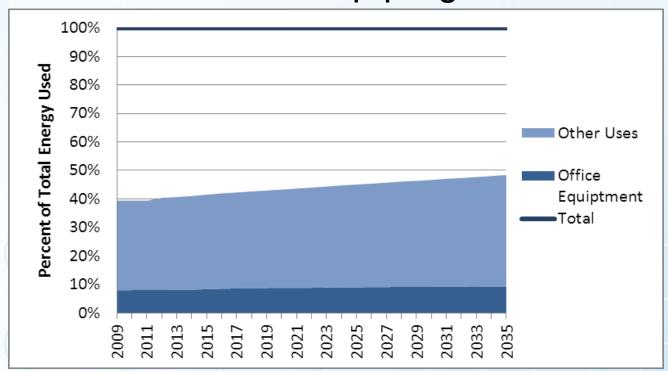
New Commercial Construction

- Design, modeling and decision-making tools can be used to reach wide range spectrum of building types, sizes, owners.
- Emphasize advanced lighting, high efficiency HVAC systems, high efficiency envelopes; don't ignore plug-loads.
- Labeling and rating systems for green, high performance buildings are helping to drive market changes.



Commercial Behavioral and Miscellaneous Use Programs

 A lot of potential, much more work needed to develop programs.





EIA Projection of Energy Use for Office Equipment and "Other" Uses in the Commercial Sector as a Percent of Total Commercial Energy Use

Industrial Programs

- Biggest opportunities for energy
 efficiency in industry exist in improvements and
 optimization of processes.
- Traditional prescriptive approaches providing incentives for energy-efficient equipment (e.g. motors and HVAC) will not realize this potential (but still have a role to play in programs).
- Next generation industrial programs must evolve toward whole-system and customized approaches.



Potential Savings by 2030

(ballpark estimate)

Savings Estimates by Sector	Electricity (TWh)	% of savings by Sector	Natural Gas (TBtu)	% of savings by Sector
Reference Case Delivered				
Energy for 2030 (AEO)	4,242		10,030	
Residential Programs	417	36%	997	53%
Commercial Programs	565	48%	770	41%
Industrial Programs	109	9%	119	6%
Distribution System Efficiency	70	6%	n/a	n/a
Total Energy Efficiency		100%		100%
Savings	1,162		1,887	
Savings as % of Reference Forecast	27%		19%	



Overall Strategic Recommendations

- Foster the development and deployment of new, high efficiency technologies across the spectrum of customer types and end-uses.
- Promote systems approaches to realize the greatest energy efficiency potential.
- Promote the development and advancement of best practices among building designers, contractors and building operators to achieve high building performance.



Overall Strategic Recommendations

 Use market research and data analytics to improve market characterization to better design and target customer energy efficiency programs.

 Target behavioral change of all customer types as a key part of overall program

portfolios.





Full details available in final report

Frontiers of Energy Efficiency: Next Generation Programs Reach for High Energy Savings

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http://www.aceee.org/research-report/u131





